

牛津高中英语模块八 Unit 1 复习题

一. 单词拼写:

1. The films of Harry Potter series have got well r_____ around the world.
2. The old man has retired from the State. He hopes for s_____ life in the countryside.
3. Your uncle is really g_____ to buy you a BMW car for your birthday.
4. It is reported that many officials have been arrested for a_____ their power.
5. Is it true that a number of students are suffering from p_____ of studies?
6. We firmly believe that war never settles anything. It only leads to v_____.
7. We all admired the gentleman for his e_____ manner.
8. It is hard to _____(改编)the novel for the film.
9. With the problem _____(解决)Johnson felt quite relaxed and went on a holiday.
10. The boy is forced to play the piano ,but he has no _____(才能) for music.
11. You are m_____ in thinking that they'll help you.
12. When comparing , it is better to make as many _____(比较) as you can.
13. In fact, the official doesn't live up to his _____(名声).
14. She was born with a strong _____(体格).

15. As is well known, it is _____ (典型) of him to take hard jobs.
16. You look rather s_____ in those clothes. Why not buy some new clothes?
17. The room was filled with t_____ as students waited for the test to begin.
18. Liu Mei kept the photos as r_____ of happier times.
19. He stared at the diamonds with g_____ eyes.
20. The whole family are still m_____ he death.

二. 单项选择

1. Because it was hard to _____ with the money he got paid. He wanted to take _____ job.
- A. make his life, a second B. make ends meet, a second
- C. earn one's living, the second D. make one's living, the second
2. News reports say peace talks between the two counties _____ with no agreement reached.
- A. have broken down B. have broken out
- C. have broken in D. have broken up
3. -- were you busy during this summer vacation?
- Yes. Rather than _____ time playing computer games, I devoted every effort to _____ my horizons
- A. wasting, broadening B. waste, broaden
- C. a waste of, broadening D. a waste of, broaden

4. ---Do you have an extra ticket for the concert?

----Yes

----Well, who would you rather ____ with you, George or me?

A. have to go B. have gone C. have go D. go

5. I spent much time talking to him, but he wasn't ____ happier

A. much B. very C. any D. rather

6. Tom told you there was no one on the playground then, _____?

A. wasn't there B. didn't be C. was there D. did he

7. I _____ at a party held in honor of our new mayor.

A made his acquaintance B made my acquaintance

C made an acquaintance D made the acquaintance

8. The book is of great value. _____ can e enjoyed from it until you have a deep understanding of it, however.

A. Nothing B Few C Something D Much

9. It is more important to _____ criminals than to punish them.

A reform B seize C sentence D try

10. She was afraid of snakes so much that she _____ a scream _____ them.

A let out, at sight of B let go, at the sight

C let out, at the sight of D let off , in sight of

11. To his surprise, John was _____ with a fine when he was arrested for drunken driving.

A let through B let out C let off D gotten off

12. --- Why was your friend unhappy yesterday?

--- A letter from his home _____ an attack of homesickness.

A. set off B set out C set about D set up

13. He _____ the point again that we should be punctual.

A. strengthened B insisted C stressed D suggested

14. My teacher of English is really very kind. I'll never forget the _____ he has done me.

A. favour B. deed C. help D value

15. She bought all the flowers the girl had for sale _____.

A. in pity of B out of pity C. on pity D in pity for

16. --- Dad! Tom's broken a glass!

--- _____. Accidents will happen.

A No way B Doesn't matter C No trouble at all D Don't

mention it

17. --- What do you think of the performance today?

--- Great! _____ but a musical genius could perform so successfully.

A All B None C Anyone D Everyone

18. ---Why not play the music we listened to yesterday?

--- Because it _____ old times

A calls in

B calls for

C calls up

D calls in

19. No sooner _____ the railway station than the train started.

A did I reach

B had I reached

C I reached

D I had reached

20. Seeing the toy, she couldn't resist _____ to touch it.

A being reached out

B reaching out

C to reach out

D reach out

三. 重点短语

1 受到好评

2 和.... 相识

3 对... 有偏见

4 一心想, 决心想

5 崭新的, 全新的

6 一看到

7 从头到尾

8 宁愿... 也不愿...

9 使... 从... 中解脱

10 在... 中占有一席之地

11 一本以英国为背景的小说

12 倾向于(做...)

13 谋生

14 虚弱的体质

15 ... 的纪念碑

16 是...典型的

17 与... 有关

18 一次

19. 泄露, 出卖

20 名副其实, 不负盛名模块八

unit1 期末总复习答案

单词拼写: 1.received 2.simple 3.generous 4.abusing 5.pressure

6.violence 7.educated 8.adapt 9.settled 10.talent

11.mistaken 12.comparisons 13.reputation 14.constitution

45.typical

46.shabby 17. tension 18.reminder 19.greedy 20.mourning

单项选择: BAACC BAAAC CACAB BBCBB

重点短语: 1.be well received 2.make the acquaintance of 3.be prejudiced
against

4.be bent on 5.brand new 6.at the sight of

7.from beginning to end 8.would rather... than... 9. set ...free

from

10.have a place in... 11.a novel set in England 12.tend to

13.earn/ make a living 14.a weak constitution 15. a

monument to...

16. be typical of 17. have something to do with 18. at a time

19.give away 20. live up to one's reputation

牛津高中英语 模块 8 Unit 2 复习

1. Word spelling

1. This machine has a u_____ use in the home.
2. The guy who invented computers must have made a f_____ by now.
3. A computer consists of thousands of c_____.
4. Marting Luther King is a brave fighter against racial d_____.
5. This law will come into effect when the national security is t_____.
6. Many natural _____ (现象) can be explained by advanced science.
7. Don't forget that using the car is a _____ (特权) , not a right.
8. I stood there _____ (发抖) with anger.

9. The arts of China have not _____ (衰落) in spite of Western influence.
10. His s_____ image will forever live in the hearts of the people.
11. He was such a talented young m_____ that he played the piano Wonderfully.
12. I'm not sure if I could spell the word c_____.
13. I'm h_____ a private detective to trace my neighbor.
14. The v_____ from England to India used to take six months.
15. He has a great d_____ to go to school.
16. The current _____ (趋势) is towards more part-time employment.
17. After living so many years here, Tom felt a great _____ (喜爱) for this place.
18. The crime rate is a _____ (烦人的) increase.
19. After she came home from hospital, she slowly _____ (重获) her health.
20. The shocking accident brought him some m_____ trouble.

2. Multiple choice

1. –Would you like some more soup?
--_____. It is delicious, but I've had enough.
A. Yes, please. B. No, thank you. C. Nothing more. D. I'd like some.
2. The meeting was _____ when the chairman fell ill.
A. cut down B. cut out C. cut off D. cut short
3. They rushed over to help the old man whose car had _____
A. broken down B broken up C. broken out D. broken in
4. That scary movie was so _____ that Mark felt _____ at the thought of it.
A. terrified, frightened B. terrifying, frightening
C. terrifying, frightened D. terrified, frightening
5. Many politicians are totally out of _____ with the needs of ordinary people.
A. sound B voice C tune D noise
6. Does the idea of working abroad _____ you?
A. apply for B appeal to C anchor in D. affect to

7. I've tried very hard to improve my English. But by no means _____ with my progress.

- A. the teacher is not satisfied B. is the teacher not satisfied
C. the teacher is satisfied D. is the teacher satisfied

8. _____ the publishing house will publish the book consists _____ the quality of the book.

- A. Whether, of B. If, in C. Whether, in D. If, of

9. The flowers _____ sweet in the garden attract the visitors to the beauty of nature.

- A. to smell B. smelling C. smelt D. to be smelt

10. A story goes _____ his ancestors grew rich on the hard work of the slaves.

- A. when B. where C. what D. that

11. _____ much money one possesses, it can't _____ a healthy body.

- A. How, match B. However, compare
C. No matter, defeat D. However, match

12. Grammar is _____ a language _____ law is to a country.

- A. for, as B. to, that C. to, what D. towards, which

13. It was _____ back home after the experiment.

- A. not until midnight did he go B. until midnight that he didn't go
C. not until midnight that he went D. until midnight when he didn't go

14. _____ by the teacher, we _____ much to the classroom discussion.

- A. Encouraging, joined B. Encouraged, contributed
C. Encouraged, added D. Encouraging, devoted

15. Unless _____ to attend the meeting, you should stay at home with your family.

- A. invited B. inviting C. being invited D. having invited

16. -Why didn't you go to the cinema yesterday?

--I _____, but my wife returned from France the moment I was leaving.

- A. was going to B. will C. did D. had

17. Though _____ money, his parents managed to send him to university.

A. lacked B. lacking of C. lacking D. lacked in

18. Peter, _____ born in Canada, lived and practice law in America.

A. though B. he was C. was D. who

19.—How long _____ at this job?

---Since 1990.

A. were you employed B. have you been employed

C. had you been employed D. will you be employed

20.The young lady _____ to see the movie alone on such a dark night.

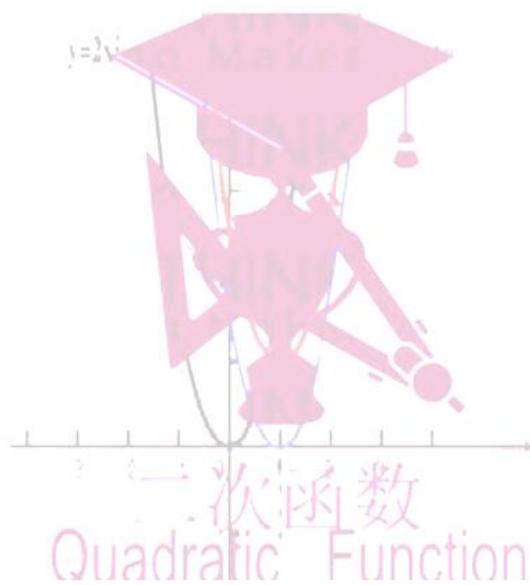
A. dares not go B. dares not to go C. dare not to go D. doesn't dare to go

3. Phrase review

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| 1. 背景设在... | 2. 宣告...的开始 |
| 3. 呈现 | 4. 试图对...进行控制 |
| 5. 非常想做某事 | 6. 赢得某人的喜爱 |
| 7. ...的关键成分 | 8. 沉醉于权力 |
| 9. 食言 | 10. 简要看一看 |
| 11. 扎根于... | 12....的关键一部分 |
| 13. 在流行度上被...取代 | 14. 被认为是先锋之一 |
| 15. 有世界吸引力 | 16. 决裂,分手 |
| 17. 专为...设计 | 18. 有点下降走势 |

19. 在...扮演重要角色

20. 申请一份工作



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模块 8 unit2 单元复习答案**1. 单词拼写**

1. universal 2. fortune 3. components 4. discrimination 5. threatened
6. phenomena 7. privilege 8. trembling 9. declined 10. splendid
11. musician 12. correctly 13. hiring 14. voyage 15. desire
16. trend 17. affection 18. disturbing 19. regained 20. mental

2. 单项选择

1~5 BDACC 6~10 BDCBD 11~15 DCCBC 16~20 ACABD

3. 短语复习

1. be set in 2. announce the start of... 3. take on 4. try and exercise control over...
5. be desperate to do sth 6. win one's affection 7. the key components of... 8. be drunk with power
9. break his promise 10. take a brief look at... 11. be anchored in... 12. an essential part of...
13. be replaced in popularity by... 14. be considered one of the pioneers 15. have universal appeal
16. break up 17. be intended for 18. go into a bit of a decline 19. play an important role in...
20. apply for a job

牛津高中英语模块八 Unit 3 复习**I. 单选**

-
1. The smart lawyer _____ the old man's possession fairly to his three sons.
- A. Divided B. Separated C. Distributed D. contributed
2. The government refused to negotiate _____ terrorists, that is, it didn't give in to them.
- A. to B. with C. at D. on
3. The plan was _____ when it was discovered just how much the scene would cost.
- A. deserted B. quitted C. abandoned D. left
4. You should _____ a hard bargain when you buy clothes.
- A. make B. strike C. Drive D. conclude
5. _____ and happy, Yang Wei came up and accepted the gold medal.
- A. Amazing B. Amazed C. Eeing amazed D. To be amazing
6. Children under 6 are not _____ to school except those of high intelligence.
- A. allowed B. permitted C. admitted D. accepted
7. Why don't you leave in that case _____ you don't like the job?
- A. that B. which C. what D. where
8. Only when _____ interested in French _____ learn it effeciently.
- A. are you; you can B. are you; can you
- C. you are; you can D. you are; can you
9. In no city of China _____ little about the economic development.
- A. the government cares B. does the government care

C.doesn't the government care D.the government doesn't care

10. ----I reminded you not to forget the appointment.

---- _____. But I did forget.

A. So did you B. So you did C. So I did D. So do I

11. Little by little,television _____ the children _____ from the real world.

A.cuts away B.cuts up C.cuts off D.cuts down

12. By comparing_____ with each other, we have learned much from each other.

A.ideas B. minds C.words D.notes

13. _____ a mobile phone can you ring _____ you want to talk with anywhere.

A.Using; whoever B.Only on; whomever

C.By; whomever D. only using; whoever

14.We always keep some money _____ reserve, just in case.

A.in B.for C.to D.with

15. The British are not so familiar with different cultures and other ways of doing things, _____ is often the case in other countries.

A.that B.so C.it D.as

16. We hadn't calculated _____ any problem with the application.

A.with B.on c.in D.at

17. Never pay the advertised price for a car, always try to _____.

A.discuss B.talk C.debate D.bargain

18. ---Here _____. Where is Xiao Liu.?

---There _____

- A. comes the bus; is he B. comes the bus; he is
C. the bus comes; is he D. the bus comes; he is

19. _____ him, _____ possible?

- A. Would you have helped; if it were
B. Did you help; were it
C. Would you help; if it had been
D. Would you have helped; had it been

20. We have been told that under no circumstances _____ the telephone in the office for personal affairs.

- A. may we use B. we may use C. we could use D. did we use

II. 单词拼写

1. Most of these _____ (成分) can be found at your local grocery.
2. With the e _____ of outer space, we know much about the moon.
3. What he said was concrete, that is, not a _____.
4. The building is up to 400 metres in h _____.
5. The children _____ (崇拜) Yao Ming very much.
6. The assessment of a student's work is often _____ (主观的).
7. We enjoy living in our _____ (宿舍) equipped with modern technology.

8. By conducting lots of _____ (试验), he proved the theory to be right.
9. After his _____ (毕业) from Beijing University, he went to Australia.
10. She has a lot of hobbies, r_____ from playing chess to canoeing.
11. I cannot c_____ on his help.
12. He a_____ his wife and went away with all their money.
13. With the a_____ of my team workers, I successfully finished my research project.
14. I s_____ a stamp on the envelope.
15. I feel like d_____ into the novel instead of reading it carefully and thoroughly.
16. Half an hour later, he got a real b_____ in the supermarket.
17. History has a strange way of r_____ itself.
18. Our reporter was the first person on the s_____.
19. He couldn't pay the lawyer's f_____ so he decided to speak for himself.
20. We had a p_____ evening without the child.

III 重点短语

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. 有---的天赋 | 2. 在 A 和 B 之间变化 |
| 3. 喜爱, 渴望 | 4. 从头开始, 白手起家 |
| 5. 预定, 预约 | 6. 就---和某人讨价还价 |
| 7. 获准进入, 被---录取 | 8. 裁剪出, 剪掉 |

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| 9. 做出发现 | 10. 在天文学领域 |
| 11. 把---奉献给--- | 12. 作为---而出名 |
| 13. 被用来做某事 | 14. 充当, 用作 |
| 15. 试一试--- | 16. 属于某人自己的 |
| 17. 用---来呈现某物 | 18. 以另一种方式 |
| 19. 坚持(理论, 原则等) | 20. 形成不同的绘画风格 |

DBCBB/CDDBB/CDBAD/BDBDA

1. ingredients 2. exploration 3. abstract 4. height 5. adore 6. subjective 7. dormitory
8. experiments 9. graduation 10. ranging 11. calculate 12. abandoned 13. assistance
14. stuck 15. dipping 16. bargain 17. repeating 18. scene 19. fees 20. peaceful
1. have a talent for 2. range from A to B 3. have an appetite for 4. start from scratch
5. make a reservation 6. bargain with sb. about/over sth. 7. be admitted to
8. cut out 9. make a discovery 10. in the field of astronomy 11. devote---to---
12. be known as 13. be used to do 14. serve as 15. have a go at 16. of one's own
17. represent---as--- 18. in another way 19. stick to 20. develop different styles of painting.

牛津高中英语模块八 Unit 4 复习题

一 单项选择

- 1 _____ she come to see her father since she went to work in Shenzhen.

A Often B Seldom does C Seldom has D Often has

2 Poor as she was, Mrs Evens was always ready to _____ those hopeless children.

A. devoting herself to help B devote herself to helping
C devote her in helping D devote herself to help

3 _____ what the teacher explained, he decided to stay behind to consult with her after school.

A He didn't understand B Not understood
C Not having understood D Not being understood

4 Americans eat _____ vegetables per person today as they did in 1910.

A more than twice as many B more than twice
C twice as many as D as twice as much

5 It's quite obvious that the aging population in China will cause _____ heavy pressure on _____ whole society in near future.

A a; a B a; the C /;the D the; /

6 When was it _____ you arrived in New York?

A that B at which C before D since

7 I have always been honest and straightforward, and it doesn't matter _____ I'm talking to.

A who is it B who it is C it is who D it is whom

8 It was not until she had arrived home _____ her appointment with the doctor.

16 The parents sat still with _____ their daughter, who was dancing beautifully on the stage.

A their eyes fixed on B their eyes fixing on

C their eyes fixed to D their eyes fixing to

17 _____ his age, he did it quite well, so don't _____ him any more.

A Given; speak B Considered; blame

C Considering; blame D Giving; speak

18 It is _____ fashion differs from country to country _____ may reflect the cultural differences from one respect.

A /, that B that;/ C what; that D that; that

19 It was midnight _____ Jim came back home last night.

A that B when C since D before

20 _____ the warning message, more lives would have been lost in the flood.

A Regardless of B Instead of C But for D Except for

二 单词拼写

1 We b_____ all products tested on animals.

2 The hen h_____ her youn by sitting on the eggs.

3 A r_____ from the "Green Peace" is said to give a talk about protection of wild life tomorrow morning.

4 In the nove, the boy's mother is a witch of great m_____ power.

- 5 In order to win even greater v_____, all of us present must work harder than ever.
- 6 Many _____(业余的) sportsmen took part in the National Sports Meeting.
- 7 The young men tried to enter a nightclub but were refused a_____.
- 8 It's amazing how closely Brian and Steve _____(相似) each other.
- 9 Sarah r_____ her brother's offer of help.
- 10 He gave the children some chocolate to _____(奖励) them for behaving well.
- 11 Ten years ago she could not have _____(预见) that her marriage would end in divorce.
- 12 A tiny baby soon learns to d_____ its mother's face from other adults' faces.
- 13 While I was giving my report, some guy in the back kept _____(打断) me every two minutes.
- 14 The army officer has been put into prison because he sold c_____ information to the enemy of his country.
- 15 He has been teaching physics for less than 20 years, so he must be an e_____ teacher.
- 16 Young children sometimes can't distinguish between f_____ and reality.
- 17 Language study is an essential part of new school _____(课程)
- 18 Because of his gambling, he lost everything he _____(拥有).
- 19 _____(相反) to popular belief, a desert can be very cold.
- 20 Two _____(嫌疑犯) were arrested today in connection with the robbery.

三 重点短语翻译

- | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| 1. 把某人视为... | 2 为...而辩护 | 3 区分 A 与 B |
| 4 与某人在某方面相似 | 5 全球变暖 | 6 占少数 |
| 7 奖励某人某物 | 8 入场券 | 9 音乐器材 |
| 10 拥有 | 11 不管 | 12 由业余演员
主演 |
| 13 对某人来说做某时是合适的
而打呵欠 | | 14 由于乏味
15 高质
量电影 |
| | 16 有做某事的趋势 | |
| 17 赢得胜利 | 18 在全世界有着好名声 | |
| 19 梦想 | 20 感到晕眩 | |

M8unit 4 复习题答案

一 1-5 CBCAC 6-10 ABBCD 11-15 ADBCB 16-20 ACDBC

二 1 boycott 2 hatches 3 representative 4 magic 5 victories

6 amateur 7 admission 8 resemble 9 rejected 10 reward

11 foreseen 12 distinguish 13 interrupting 14 confidential 15 experienced
16 fantasy 17 curriculum 18 possessed 19 Contrary 20 suspects

三 1 view sb as... 2 in defence of 3 distinguish between A and B / distinguish A from B

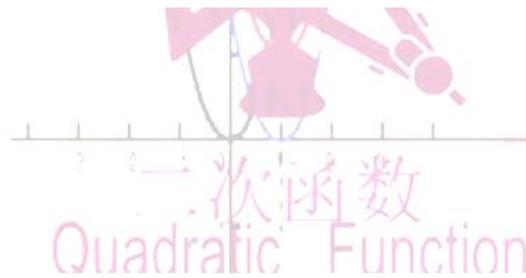
4 resemble sb. in sth. 5 global warming 6 in the minority 7 reward sb. with sth

8 admission ticket 9 musical instruments 10 in possession of 11 regardless of

12 star amateur actors 13 It is appropriate for sb. to do sth. 14 yawn with boredom

15 high-quality films 16 have a tendency to do sth. 17 win a victory

18 have a good reputation worldwide 19 dream of 20 feel dizzy



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